# DAMS Guidelines for Required and Recommended DAMS Metadata

# in Digital Still Images, Audio, Video, and Digital Art Files

by SI DAMS TEAM – Smithsonian Institution, January 2016.

**Document Information**

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# Introduction

This document defines the recommended DAMS guidelines for embedded and DAMS level metadata for digital images, audio and video at the Smithsonian Institution. Please note that this document does not include all of the DAMS metadata fields. **This document defines only the required and minimum recommended fields**, and is based on the 2010 EMDaWG Basic Guidelines for Descriptive Embedded Metadata, as well as discussions in the SI AVAIL Working Group, and practices of units using the SI DAMS. It represents a consensus of practitioners across various units about how to better manage the data that is populated into our digital image, audio, and video files. Its intention is not to dictate practice, but rather to provide guidance for those working with digital assets across the media types within the SI DAMS.

Though we acknowledge that this information continues to evolve, we also recognize the Institution's desire for clarity about how to identify and use digital materials at this point in time. Further, a commonly understood and implemented metadata terminology will assist in the implementation of the goals and objectives of the overall Smithsonian Strategic Plan, as well as museum Unit Digitization Plans.

The group recommends that the DAMS metadata management criteria be reviewed every 2 years to stay current with best practices.

This document is presented in Sections and identifies the following:

* 1. Required core set of DAMS level metadata
  2. Recommended set of DAMS level metadata
  3. Recommended set of embedded metadata for Images
  4. Recommended set of metadata for Audio
  5. Recommended set of metadata for Video
  6. Recommended set of metadata for Digital Art
  7. Recommendations of data value types not to embed in digital files
  8. Appendices

# Background

In the previous EMDaWG document, we introduced the concept of metadata, its uses, and types of metadata. For an introduction to metadata please refer to the EMDaWG document, available on the DAMS Sharepoint site.

The Digital Asset Management System (DAMS) has evolved the metadata models across images, audio, and video, and has recently added a fourth metadata model, the Digital Art Model. The four established metadata models were created collaboratively by various pan-institutional working groups of digital content stakeholders. All files stored in the DAMS are assigned to one of these metadata models upon import. Each model contains fields for administrative and rights tracking, technical documentation about the files, embedded data, and enhanced description. The Core Image Model was the first model that was collaboratively designed and established the standard for the additional models. With the recent introduction of the Digital Art Model, some additions and modifications have been standardized across all models.

A minimal amount of metadata within digital assets takes on critical importance when it comes to the Institution's enterprise Digital Asset Management System (DAMS). The SI DAMS is an Institution-wide application used for storing, searching, retrieving, transforming, and delivering digital assets. Without the requisite metadata to accompany each digital asset, the DAMS would safely store the millions of assets being held in the repository, but there would be no efficient way to search for or to retrieve assets. The SI DAMS’ extensive Core Metadata Models[[1]](#footnote-1) form the basis for the DAMS functionality.

The initial group tried to keep in mind digitization workflows, productivity and availability of software across the Institution to facilitate practical implementation. We realize that a variety of people--photographers, digital imaging specialists, video and audio producers, web practitioners, scientists, interns, vendors, etc.—are now creating a wide variety of digital assets. Units are also managing collections using various databases and Collection Information systems (CIS). The DAMS is now integrated to various CIS’s through CDIS and CDIS units can specify which CIS metadata they want synched to DAMS asset metadata. In addition, embedded metadata is being applied to assets by digital asset creators (i.e. photographers, digital imaging specialists, vendors, interns).

# Recommendations

In addition to the recommendations defined in this document, the group recommends a *minimal core set* of embedded metadata *when supported for the target file format and workflow*. Since many units across the institution are already using a version of the International Press Telecommunications Council (IPTC) format[[2]](#footnote-2) for images; BEXT, INFO[[3]](#footnote-3), and ID3[[4]](#footnote-4) for audio; and a limited set of XMP Dublin Core[[5]](#footnote-5) fields for video, this document provides a recommended suggested set of embedded metadata as an extension to the core set of fields. Depending on the file format, embedded metadata can be stored within the file itself in a variety of methods. For example, in recent versions of many image viewing and processing programs, embedded IPTC data is increasingly being saved in XMP[[6]](#footnote-6) format. However, the recommendations in this document do not indicate a preference on which method should be used to add the embedded metadata to the file.

The tables below contain the element name, definition of that element, sample data values, and notes. It should also be noted that when considering digitization, file naming conventions should be established beforehand and contained within the units digital file specifications. When repurposing the digital surrogates, i.e. Web use, image fulfillment, we recommend *against* stripping out the embedded metadata for various reasons stated above.

# Common Metadata Fields

# This section defines guidelines and recommendations for DAMS metadata fields that are present in all metadata models.

# Required Common Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| SI Holding Unit | SI Unit that is currently responsible for management and stewardship of the digitized or born-digital asset. | AAA-Archives of American ArtCFCH–Center Folklife & Cultural Heritage | These are controlled domain vocabulary values presented in a drop down list. |
| Administrative Class | Defines the SI Classification for the Digital Asset. | SD600 – Collection Item: Identifies the Digital Asset as a Collection Item component and does not need to specify whether surrogate or PDCO.SD600-PDCO – Primary Digital Collection Object: As defined by the Smithsonian Digitization Program Office (DPO) - Identifies a Primary Digital Collection Object. (Born Digital when acquired or a Digital file that replaces the physical object once deaccessioned).SD600-S - Collection Digital Surrogate: Identifies a digital representation of a physical collection object.None: For all other assets. | These are controlled domain vocabulary values presented in a drop down list. |
| Source System Identifier | Source system ID#, Accession #, or Unit assigned ID for the digital asset.For SD600 tagged Assets this will be the Object Number or Accession Number of the object represented by the asset or of the Digital Art Work.For CDIS integrated assets, this value will be auto populated by CDIS from the Unit Collection Information System (CIS). | NA = Not Applicable. This will be the value for any Non-SD600 assets.TBD = To Be Determined. This will be the initial default value for all SD600 assets. For CDIS units the value will be updated post ingest through the CDIS Metadata Synch process.For non CDIS units, the unit will be required to update the Source System Identifier after ingest into the DAMS for any asset tagged with an SD600 value.1980-14-1314ELS2006.1.1.1-3 | This field is defined as required. The DAMS requires an initial value for Ingest.NOTE: The logic may be different for each unit. The DAMS team will work with the Units to configure the format. |
| SI Common Unique ID | The SI Common Unique ID (SCUID) used to uniquely identify the associated Object or Collection Item across all SI systems. | CHSDM-1980-14-1314FS-ELS2006.1.1.1-3 | This value is auto generated and populated with Holding Unit+Source System Identifier values. |
| Export for Delivery Service\* | For images, a “Yes” value will auto generate a derivative asset that is delivered to the Smithsonian Image Delivery Service (IDS).IDS image derivatives are also used by CIS systems integrated through CDIS.For audio assets a “Yes” value will deliver an MP3 derivative that can be used in public facing web sites.For video assets, the Export for Delivery Service value will always be “No” until automated video delivery becomes available for video assets.If a video derivative is required it will be necessary to manually export the derivative in the desired delivery format. | YesNo | Note: For images, SI has an internal and external IDS. The Export for Delivery Service = Yes generates and delivers a derivative asset.To control IDS delivery to internal only use the DAMS “Delivery Restriction\*” field=Yes.\*Export for Delivery Service was formerly called For Public Use. Delivery Restriction was formerly called Is Restricted |
| Rights Summary | Summary categories for usage rights for the digital asset.Please refer to the common vocabulary as defined in SD609, DAMS Rights Summary Glossary.A full version is on the DAMS SharePoint site. | Domain values:Not ResearchedUnknown-Restrictions PossibleNo Known Copyright or Other RestrictionsRestricted | Default value is “Not Researched”If “Restricted” is selected, user must fill out the “Restrictions” field and “Terms and Restriction Notes” field. |

# Recommended Common Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| SI Department | Department which is directly responsible for approving access to and use of the digitized or born digital asset. | NMNH-Research & Collections-332000CHSDM-Curatorial-584000 | These are controlled domain vocabulary values. |
| Other Managing Unit | In some cases, a Holding Unit will share responsibility for the asset with another unit. The “Other Managing Unit” will have shared responsibility for management and stewardship of the digitized or born-digital asset. | Values will combine unit abbreviation followed by name:AAA-Archives of American ArtCFCH–Center Folklife & Cultural Heritage |  |
| Description | Description of the content of the digital asset or what the digital asset represents. | “This raw video footage of Chilean fisherman was captured by Chris Bezamat during an expedition to the …" |  |
| Asset Creator | The name of the person or vendor that created or generated the digital asset file. | Smith, StephaniePicturae | When entering the name of a person, it is recommended to enter data in Last Name, First Name format. |
| Original Content Type | Categorical classifications for content types. Used for reporting and integrity processes. | Archival ContentArtworkCollection ItemCommunications MaterialsDocumentation of CollectionsEducational ProductionsEvent DocumentationExhibition ComponentsInterviewsOral HistoriesResearch or Study CollectionsTBMA | These are controlled domain vocabulary values presented in a drop down list. |
| Collection ID | ID# for this set of related digital assets. | Example: “5589” or “afc2010039” |  |

# Core Image Metadata Model

# Strongly Recommended: Core Set of Image Embedded IPTC Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| IPTC Document Title | File number, Accession Number, Catalog Number, Digital File Name, Negative, Number, Unique Identifier root level etc. | 1) LB016021-a; 2) 08596201;3) 23456.000;4) 123457.000; 1234568.000 \*5) P000016)20100121\_01a\_csf\_ps\_001.tif | 3) Example of a catalog number4) Example of multiple objects in one image5) Example of a catalog number6) Example of file name representing coverage of event at NMAI |
| IPTC Copyright Notice | Copyright Notice | 1) The Smithsonian continues to research information on its collections. Contact Smithsonian for current status.2) This image is in the public domain.3) Copyright National Anthropological Archives, Smithsonian Institution4) Copyright William M. Groethe | Smithsonian staff should provide accurate copyright information particularly if the copyright status is known. The following default statement should only be used if the unit does not know the copyright status of the work. 'The Smithsonian continues to research information on its collections. Contact Smithsonian for current Status[[7]](#footnote-7). |
| IPTC Source | Name and Abbreviation of SI owning unit, Smithsonian Institution | NMAI-Natl. Museum of the American Indian, Smithsonian InstitutionNAA- Natl. Anthropological Archives, Smithsonian Institution |  |
| **IPTC Creator** (\*Note: Unit makes decision. Unit documents how they reached this decision).In the DAMS the IPTC Creator field is mapped to the Asset Creator field, which is the creator of the digital object. | Creator of digital object *or* Creator of original object | Smithsonian Institution LibrariesDepartment of AnthropologyNational Anthropological ArchivesPhotographer NameCynthia FrankenburgWilliam Greene | 4) *\*If author is not known then default to department name (refrain from using acronyms)*  *5)* \*if Creator=name then Creators Title field is populated. Job Title=Photographer   1. *\*if Creator=name then Creators Title field is populated. Job Title=Scanner*  \*Creator original object |

# Recommended Set of Image IPTC Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| **IPTC Date**  In the DAMS IPTC Date is mapped to Asset Creation Date, which is the creation date of the digital object. | Date of Object*or*Date of Creation of Digital Asset | 1) 07/23/19672) 02/14/20093) 01/01/2001 | Date structure for IPTC is MM/DD/YYYY.Description field can be used if date range or other date structure is being used.If year is only known, then default to the first day of the first month of the year.01/01/2001 would be the value for sometime during the year 2001. |
| IPTC Description | Free narrative text | 1. 123457.000(right);123458.000 (left) 2. Cultural Resources Center 2007 Powwow Open House, CRC Open House, CRC Exterior, Chief Joseph, Nez Perce 3. scan from 4x5 CT, slide or B&W negative 4. media of original art ( oil on canvas, watercolor, etc.) | 1)*\*see above under Title example. This field is used to locate individual objects within an image that contains multiple objects.* |
| IPTC Keywords | Free text field but should be used to store a list of standard term(s) separated by a common delimiter such as semicolon. | 1. Lighting Archive; Electrification; Lighting; Lighting Fixtures; Architectural History; History of Architecture 2. Object; Publication; Our Lives  Alice Fletcher; Francis La Flesche; 4558  1. Viento de Agua; plena; bomba 2. rugby; Wales; sports | This list can come from any existing controlled vocabularies like your unit CIS' Iconography lookup list, public resources such as Library of Congress Subject Headings, taxonomic checklists, etc. The goal is to be *consistent* with in your unit as this is a field whose data is often used for searching. For instance, if you use singular form, stick with singular form, don't alternate between singular and plural. Don't alternate between variations, like US, USA, or United States. \*(See below for links to controlled vocabularies2) *\* taken from defined look-up list in database: Object=image of object in the collection; Publication= quality suitable for publication; Our Lives=imaged for Our Lives exhibition.* |
| **IPTC Credit/Provider** | What you would like to accompany the image in a publication. Ex: Image Number, SI owning Unit, Smithsonian Institution | 1. Image Number, NAA, Smithsonian Institution 2. Don Hurlbert, Smithsonian Institution 3. Photographer's name, museum (i.e. National Portrait Gallery)  \*\* Ernest L. Spybuck (Absentee Shawnee, 1883– 1949), *Procession before War Dance*, ca. 1910. Watercolor on paperboard, 42.2 x 63.9 cm. Oklahoma. Photo by David Heald. 2/5735 |  |
| IPTC Job Identifier | Instructions or unit id | MSC07-04608 |  |
| IPTC Headline | (Formally called Caption) A descriptive title or a caption. | This field was formerly known as "Caption". If you are using older software you may still have Caption and not have "Headline" |  |

# Core Audio Metadata Model

This section defines guidelines and recommendations for DAMS metadata fields for audio assets. Embedding BEXT and INFO chunks in WAVE files and ID3 tags for MP3 files is highly recommended. DAMS fields are offered as options, especially when not embedding.

# Strongly Recommended Set of Embedded Audio Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| BEXT Originator | The entity responsible for the creation, maintenance, preservation of this digital item. The archival entity should be identified at the most specific level within the institution.Values:[Country code]comma space[Entity name] | US, SI, CFCH | Limited by 32 characters |
| BEXT OriginatorReference | a non ambiguous reference allocated by the originating organization.Values:Under 32 characters: Identifier string Over 32 characters: See Description | HAYS-RR-0024 | Limited by 32 charactersRecommended but not required to duplicate in BEXT Description field. |
| BEXT Description | This element is recommended as a container for identifiers for the work at hand and/or as pointers to additional, non-embedded (externally maintained) metadata.Values:If labeled: Identifier [comma space] type [comma space] comment [semicolon-space if more than one identifier] If no labeling: Identifier | HAYS-RR-0024 | Limited by 256 charactersTwo common practices: The first is the tagging of identifiers (URLs) to permit them to be properly understood. The second is the repetition of the principal identifier (as provided without tagging) in OriginatorReference as the first identifier in Description, where labeling as to its origin or purpose can be provided.The last 192 characters can be used for details. |
| BEXT OriginationDate | The date of creation of the audio sequence. The file creation date. The format is YYYY-MM-DD (year-month-day). | 2014:04:18 11:30:00 |  |
| BEXT Version | An unsigned binary number giving the version of the BWF. | 2 | Required by EBU specification. 2, the most recent version, is most often chosen. |
|  |  |  |  |
| ID3 Encoded By | The name of the person or organization that encoded the audio file. This field may contain a copyright message, if the audio file also is copyrighted by the encoder. |  | TENC |
| ID3 Band | Information about the performers in the recording. | David Bowie | TPE2 |
| ID3 Audio Publisher | The name of the label or publisher. | Smithsonian Folkways | TPUB |
| ID3 Year | A numeric string with a year of the recording. Four characters long. | 1994 | TYER |

# Additional Recommended Set of Embedded Audio Metadata Fields

# 

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| BEXT OriginationTime | The time of creation of the audio sequence. The format is HH-MM-SS (hours-minutes-seconds). This is understood to mean the local time in the time zone for the archival entity. | 2014:04:18 11:30:00 |  |
| **BEXT CodingHistory** | This element is designed to hold data on the digitizing process including signal chain specifics, sample rate and bit depth, and other elements. It is defined as a collection of strings, each presented on a separate line, containing a history of the coding processes applied to the file. | A=ANALOGUE,T=Tascam BR-20A=PCM,F=96000,B=24,T=Benchmark ADC1 - RME HDSPe AIO | The first line documents the analog source recording, the second line contains data on the capture process, the third line of data records information on the storage of the file. A new line is added when the coding history related to the file is changed. |
| **INFO-IENG** | Stores the name of the engineer who worked on the file. If there are multiple engineers, separate the names by a semicolon and a blank. | Walker, Dave | If Known |
| INFO-IARL | Archival LocationValues:[Country code]comma space[Entity name] | US, SI, CFCH |  |
| INFO-INAM | The title of the subject of the file also any descriptive information for the work. |  | Should put Description of the work in this field or ICMT, not in BEXT Description. |
| INFO-ICMT | Provides general comments about the file or the subject of the file. |  | Should put Description of the work in this field or INAM, not in BEXT Description. |
| INFO-ICOP | Copyright: Records the copyright information for the file. | This recording was obtained from the Smithsonian Institution. The recording or its contents may be protected by international copyright. Contact the Rinzler Archives of the Smithsonian Center for Folklife and Cultural Heritage for current copyright status. | Free text. Smithsonian staff should provide accurate copyright information particularly if the copyright status is known. The following default statement should only be used if the unit does not know the copyright status of the work. ‘The Smithsonian continues to research information on its collections. Contact Smithsonian for current status’[[8]](#footnote-8). |
| INFO-IKEY | A list of keywords that refer to the file or subject of the file. | zoology; The Civil War | Separate multiple keywords with a semicolon and a space. |

**Recommended Set of DAMS Audio Metadata Fields (especially if not embedding)**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| Asset Creation Date | Date when the digital file was created | 05/20/2007 |  |
| Asset Coding History | Notes regarding the coding processes applied to the assets from time of origination to present Preservation History or Transcoding History | 1/4" Open Reel Half Track transferred to digital | For use especially if made in house |
| Caption | Caption to accompany digital asset |  | Note: To hold public data delivered out with the file |
| Event | The name of an Exhibition or other event associated with the digital asset | Secretary Clough Inauguration | For use when event related. |
| Title/Group Title | A word or phrase that names an asset or group of assets. |  |  |

# Core Video Metadata Model

This section defines guidelines and recommendations for DAMS metadata fields for video assets. Embedding XMP Dublin Core tags is recommended for appropriate workflows with extraction supported by DAMS. DAMS fields are offered as options, especially when not embedding.

# Recommended Set of Embedded Video Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| Core Title | A name given to the resource; title of the work. | The Rise and Fall of Ziggy Stardust and the Spiders from Mars | Dublin Core definitions |
| Core Rights | Information about rights held in and over the resource; contact statement recommended. | This recording was obtained from the Smithsonian Institution. The recording or its contents may be protected by international copyright. Contact the Rinzler Archives of the Smithsonian Center for Folklife and Cultural Heritage for current copyright status. | Free text. Smithsonian staff should provide accurate copyright information particularly if the copyright status is known. The following default statement should only be used if the unit does not know the copyright status of the work. 'The Smithsonian continues to research information on its collections. Contact Smithsonian for current status’. |
| Core Description | An account of the resource; description of the work |  |  |
| Core Creator | An entity primarily responsible for making the resource. Can be a person, an organization, or a service | Weber, Charlie | When entering the name of a person, it is recommended to enter data in Last Name, First Name format. |
| Core Subject | The topic of the resource; keyword terms. | zoology; The Civil War |  |

# Recommended Set of Video Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| Asset Creation Date | Date when the digital file was created | 05/20/2007 |  |
| Asset Coding History | Notes regarding the coding processes applied to the assets from time of origination to present Preservation History or Transcoding History | 1” video transferred to digital | Note: for use especially if made in house |
| Caption | Caption to accompany digital asset |  | Note: To hold public data delivered out with the file |
| Event | The name of an Exhibition or other event associated with the digital asset |  | Note: For use when event related. |
| Title/Group Title | A word or phrase that names an asset or group of assets. |  |  |
| AV Asset Type | Functional asset types based on media management as a discipline. See list of sample values. | Video – Original |  |

# Digital Art Metadata Model

This section defines guidelines and recommendations for DAMS metadata fields for digital assets that are components of Smithsonian artworks or SD600 collection items. Embedding is not recommended, as they are considered artefactual in nature. Highly recommended DAMS fields are listed below.

# Highly Recommended Set of Digital Art Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Metadata Field Name** | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| Source System Identifier | Accession # (for the Object) | 08.20 | This is the Collection Object Unique ID in the CMS. |
| 1st Alternate Identifier | Component # | 08.20l | This is the Collection Component Number in the CMS |
| 2nd Alternate Identifier | File Unique ID | 08.20l-001 | If the Collection Component # in the CMS has multiple files, this is the unique ID for the file itself (root level) |
| Original Content Type | Categorical classifications for content types. Used for reporting and integrity processes. | TBMA | Use TBMA if a TBMA component, otherwise use Collection Item. Non-SD600 assets should not use the Digital Art Model (unless they are directly supporting artworks) |
| Administrative Component Type | Defines the component package type. | Acquisition |  |
| Asset Source | Where asset was acquired | Created by artist/gallery name/vendor name | In other models this is the Asset Creator |
| Asset Source Date | When digital asset was created | 06/13/2007 | In other models, this is the Asset Creation Date |

# Additional Recommended Set of Digital Art Metadata Fields

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Metadata Field Name | Definition | Sample Data Value | Notes |
| Artist | Artist name of artwork | Guido van der Werve |  |
| Artwork Date | Date of Artwork | 2007 |  |
| Title | Title of Artwork | Nummer Negen (#9) The Day I Didn't Turn With the World |  |

# Data Value Types Not Recommended:

Embedded metadata by its nature is part of the digital file and therefore travels with the file throughout the entire lifecycle from creation to archiving or deletion. As a result, data that is embedded should be information that will remain valid as long as the file exists; which, for a cultural heritage institution is theoretically forever. Specific data that is subject to change over time is best maintained in a collections information system (CIS) or other management database linked to the image. Information such as specific website addresses, phone numbers, emails, etc. will not remain valid in the long term and should be avoided in embedded metadata schemas.

Also be aware that embedding data is not supported or recommended for all file formats. There are video formats that will not accept it. If the digital asset file is an artwork, embedding data will change the file and may thus compromise its artifact status. In these cases, one should use the DAMS recommended fields to appropriately describe the asset.

It is also important to note that a digital file will likely be repurposed or reused frequently throughout its lifetime. Any metadata embedded into the file should be acceptable for viewing by all persons, including the general public. Sensitive information such as insurance valuations, localities of endangered species, specific storage locations, etc. are not appropriate as embedded data values.

# Conclusion:

Digitization has become a critical part of the core business functions of the Smithsonian. In order to support the goals and objectives of the Smithsonian Strategic Plan and museum Unit Digitization Plans, we as creators and stewards of the Institution's digital wealth, must implement procedures and processes that encourage, support, and strengthen the Smithsonian’s goal of making digital content easy for the public to find and use[[9]](#footnote-9), while continuing to broaden access.

We will continue to make great strides in the development and creation of digital file metadata guidelines as future digital formats and standards come to our attention. By improving our workflow through improved standards and adoption of best practices, our digitization infrastructure will be better equipped in meeting future measures of success to include significant growth in the current rate of digitization, and the quality and reuse of digital assets.

As the Smithsonian continues to digitize and make its digital assets accessible to the public, it is building a digital foundation for its collections and research. Access to this digital foundation will be crucial to the Institution. As system changes continue to evolve and are implemented, the ability to search and readily locate these digital assets becomes a key component to the SI Digitization Strategic Plan and the museum Unit Digitization Plans. When creating digital assets we must always be cognizant of the search and retrieval tools that will make these assets discoverable by the public. These assets will only be as accessible as we make them. In light of the goals and objectives of the SI Strategic Plan, a commonly understood and implemented metadata terminology will be beneficial to the Institution. It will help to minimize confusion in retrieving assets, aid in the identification of the unit and collection holding the object or digital asset, and inform the user if there are any copyright restrictions and how to contact the holding unit regarding appropriate use of the digital asset.

This guideline has been created with the intention of providing guidance for those working with digital asset collections. As we offer these guidelines, we have kept in mind the various needs and types of data across the institution. Our core models suggest elements that are consistent across SI, while our suggested set of elements was established to accommodate the needs that one unit may have over another. We also realize there may be use cases which are not covered in this document.

# Appendices

# Appendix 1

# Source Documents

|  |
| --- |
| **Title** |
| Basic Guidelines for Minimal Descriptive Embedded Metadata in Digital Images  by EMDaWG (Embedded Metadata Working Group – Smithsonian Institution)  April 2010. <http://digitizationguidelines.gov/guidelines/GuidelinesEmbeddedMetadata.pdf>  Guidelines: Embedded Metadata in Broadcast WAVE Files, Federal Agencies Digitization Guidelines Initiative, April 2012.  <http://www.digitizationguidelines.gov/guidelines/digitize-embedding.html>  Dublin Core Metadata Element Set, Version 1.1  <http://dublincore.org/documents/dces/>  Extensible Metadata Platform (XMP) Standard  <http://www.adobe.com/products/xmp.html>  ID3 Tag Documentation  <http://id3.org/>  IPTC Standard for Photo Metadata  <http://www.iptc.org/std/photometadata/specification/IPTC-PhotoMetadata>  DAMS Image Model (11/25/2015)  DAMS Video Model (11/25/2015)  DAMS Audio Model (11/25/2015)  DAMS Digital Art Model (11/10/2015)  All metadata model documents available on DAMS SharePoint Site  [https://collab.si.edu/sites/OUSFA-OCIO/SI-DAMS/Metadata%20Related/Forms/AllItems.aspx?RootFolder=%2Fsites%2FOUSFA%2DOCIO%2FSI%2DDAMS%2FMetadata%20Related%2FSI%20DAMS%20Metadata%20Models&FolderCTID=0x01200029764BCF9AD9C848A02E22D953883AF6&View={83CC82C4-0C8F-4C1B-9803-F1708617D281}](https://collab.si.edu/sites/OUSFA-OCIO/SI-DAMS/Metadata%20Related/Forms/AllItems.aspx?RootFolder=%2Fsites%2FOUSFA%2DOCIO%2FSI%2DDAMS%2FMetadata%20Related%2FSI%20DAMS%20Metadata%20Models&FolderCTID=0x01200029764BCF9AD9C848A02E22D953883AF6&View=%7b83CC82C4-0C8F-4C1B-9803-F1708617D281%7d)  Delivering on the Promise of the Digital Smithsonian  <http://www.si.edu/content/pdf/about/SmithsonianDigitalActionAgenda.pdf> |

1. Go to the DAMS SharePoint site for full metadata model information <https://collab.si.edu/sites/OUSFA-OCIO/SI-DAMS/Metadata%20Related/Forms/AllItems.aspx> [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Go to [www.iptc.org](http://www.iptc.org/) for detailed information regarding IPTC [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. Go to [www.digitizationguidelines.gov/guidelines/digitize-embedding.html](http://www.digitizationguidelines.gov/guidelines/digitize-embedding.html) for details on BEXT and INFO chunks in WAVE files or <http://bwfmetaedit.sourceforge.net> [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. Go to [http://id3.org](http://id3.org/) for ID3 tag documentation in MP3 files [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. Go to <http://dublincore.org/documents/dces/> for Dublin core elements [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
6. Go to [www.adobe.com/products/xmp/](http://www.adobe.com/products/xmp/) for detailed information regarding XMP, and to [www.adobe.com/devnet/xmp/](http://www.adobe.com/devnet/xmp/)for the XMP specification documents. [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
7. The DAMS Team recognizes that copyright data may change; however, since copyright data is important it is best to enter if it is known. [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
8. The DAMS Team recognizes that copyright data may change; however, since copyright data is important it is best to enter if it is known. [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
9. Delivering on the Promise of a Digital Smithsonian, Summer, 2014. <http://www.si.edu/content/pdf/about/SmithsonianDigitalActionAgenda.pdf> [↑](#footnote-ref-9)